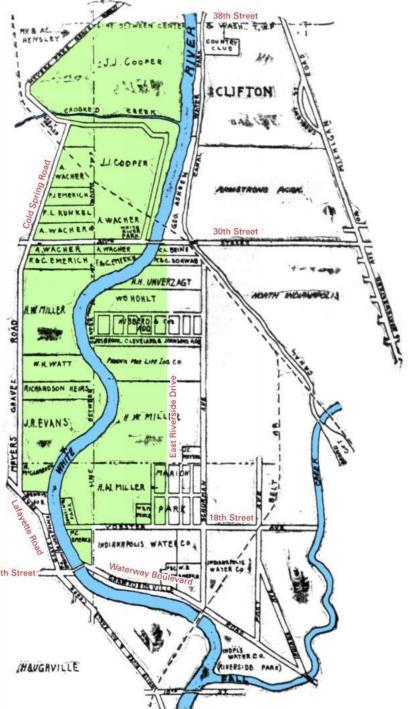
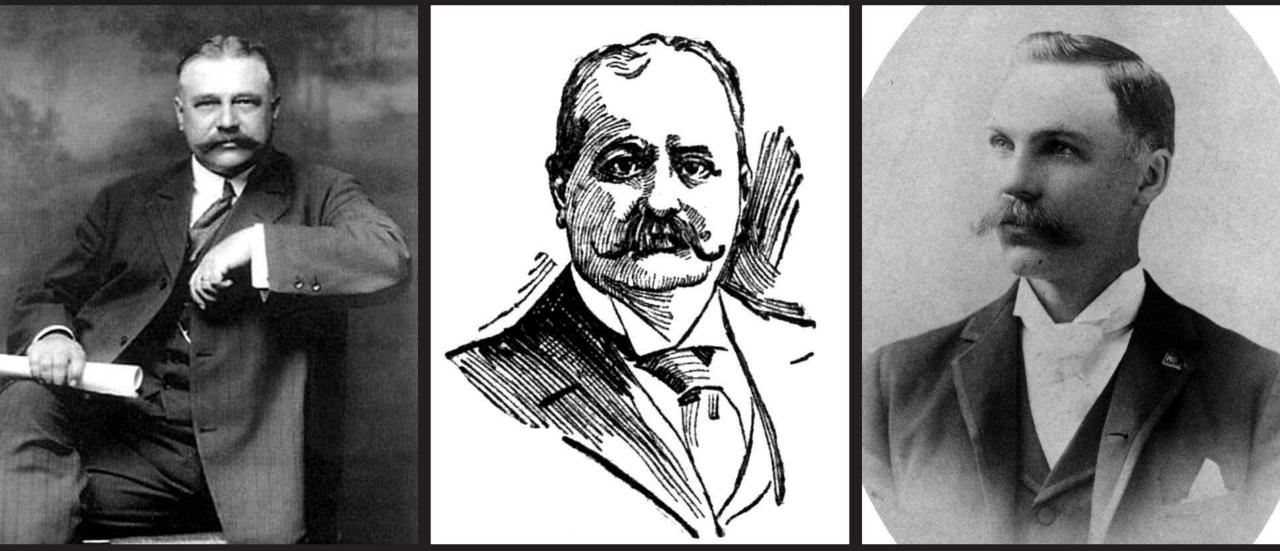
A Brief History of Riverside Park

John Jackson







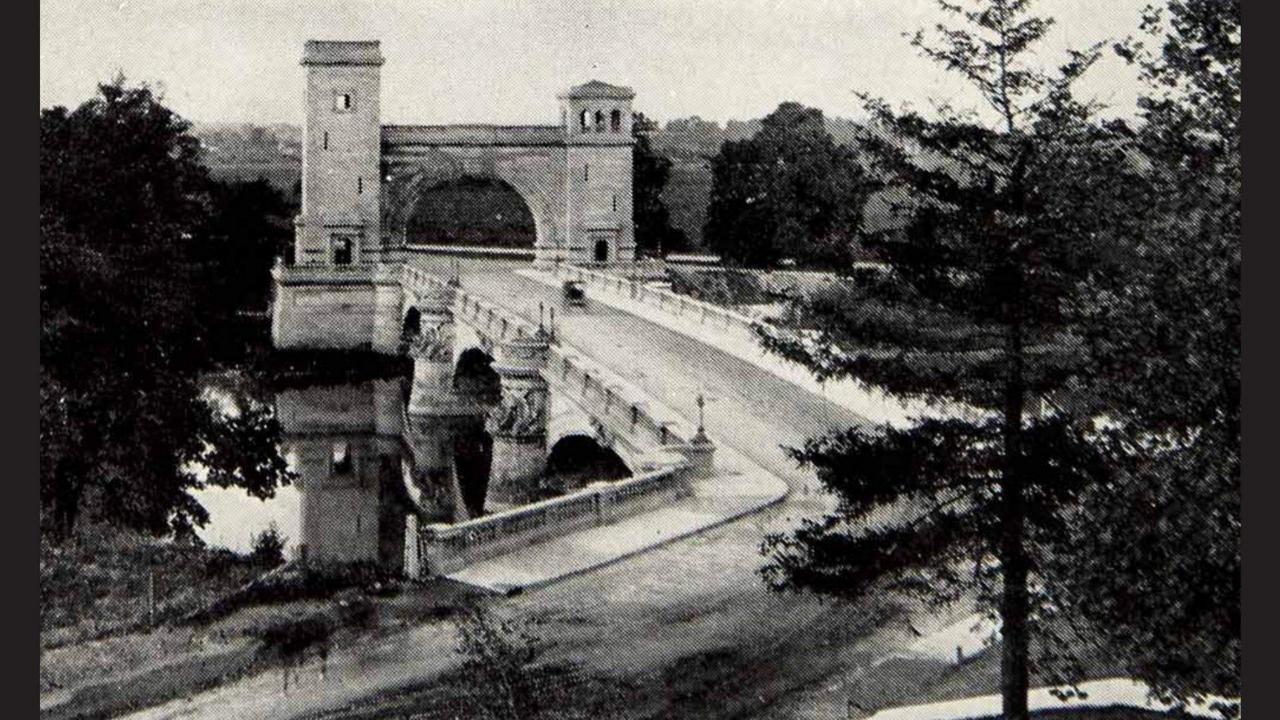
George E. Kessler

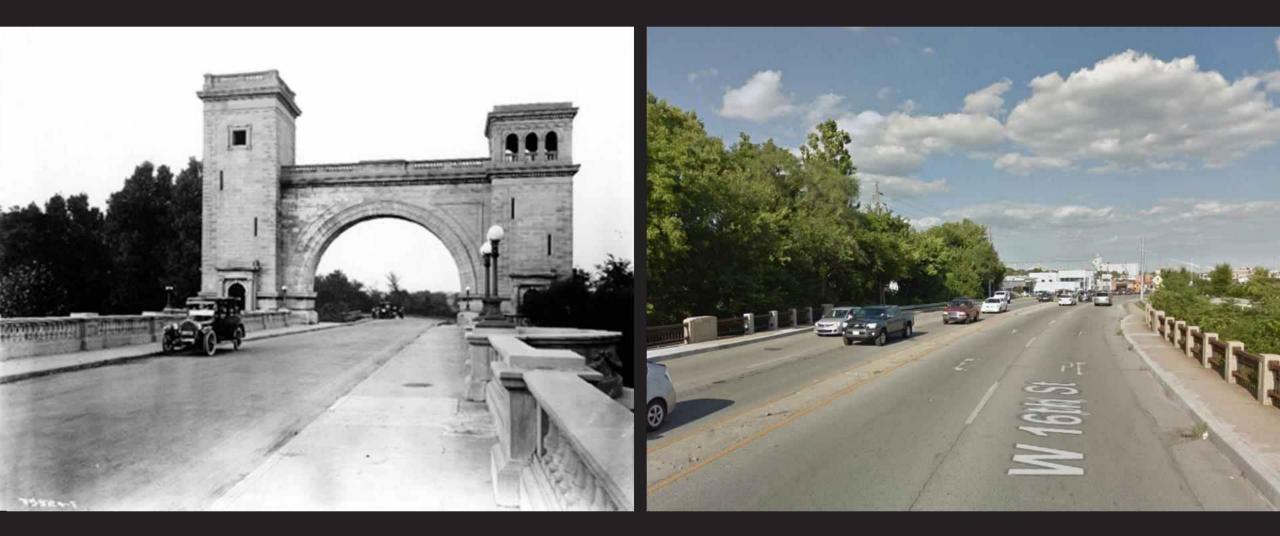
J. Clyde Power

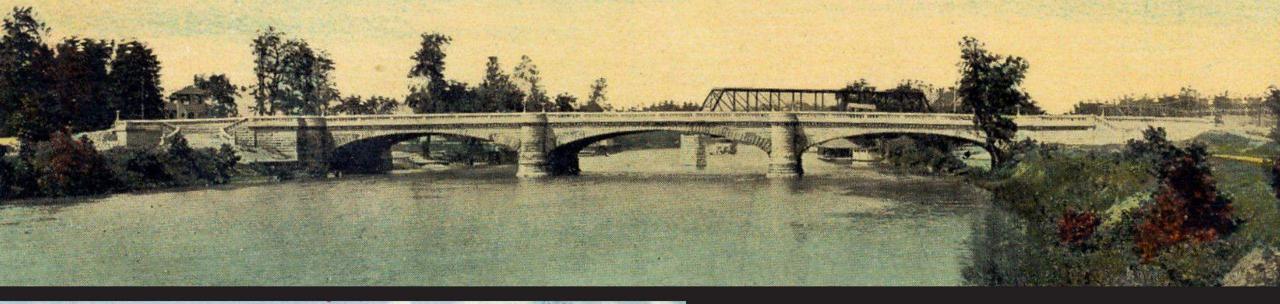
Thomas Taggart

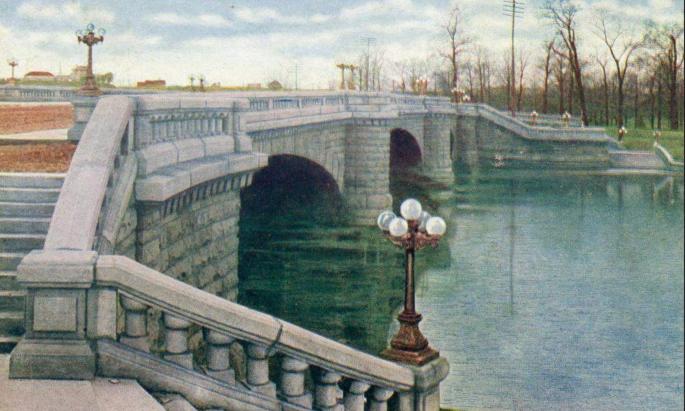








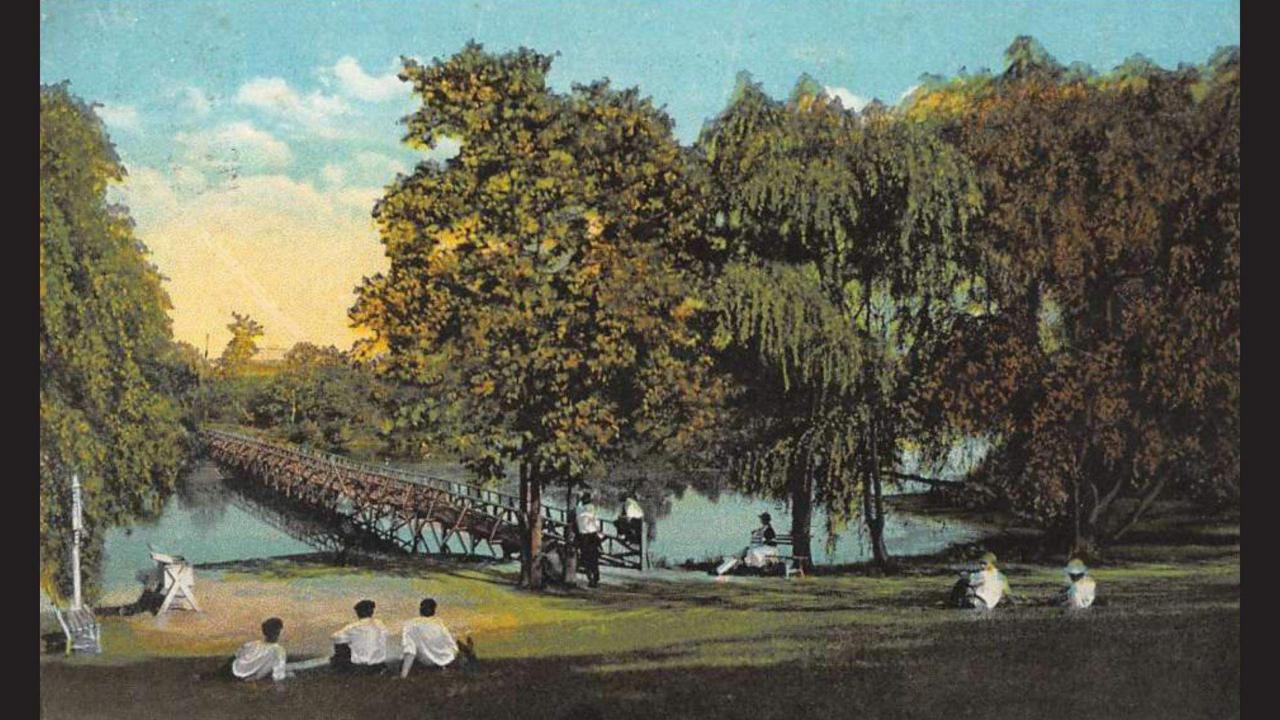










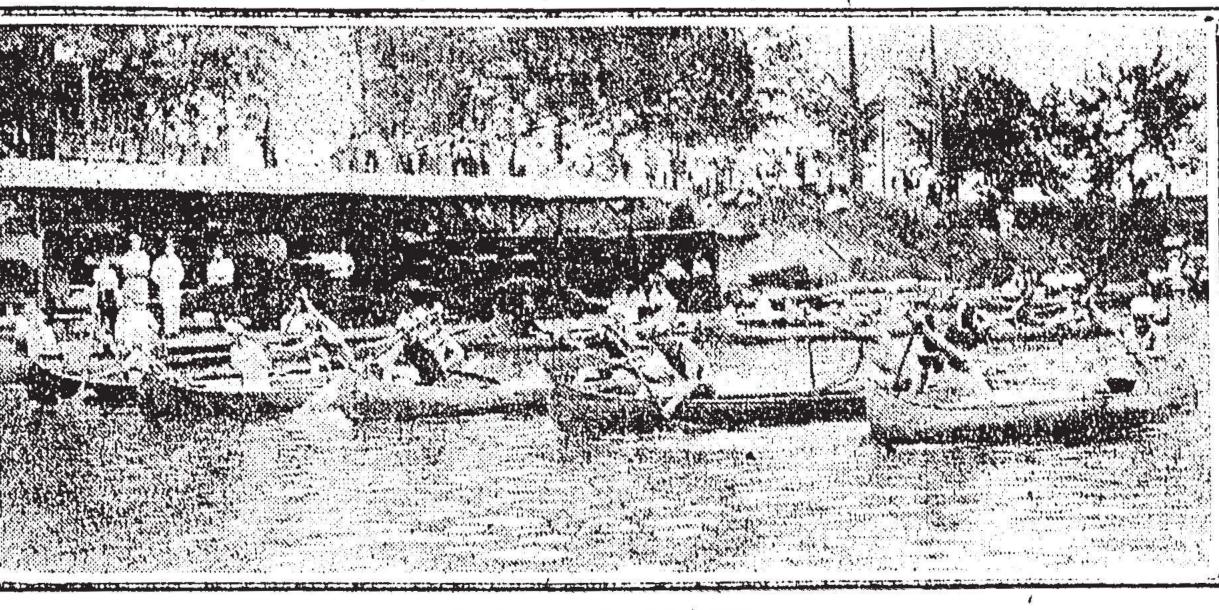












START OF ONE MILE RACE.



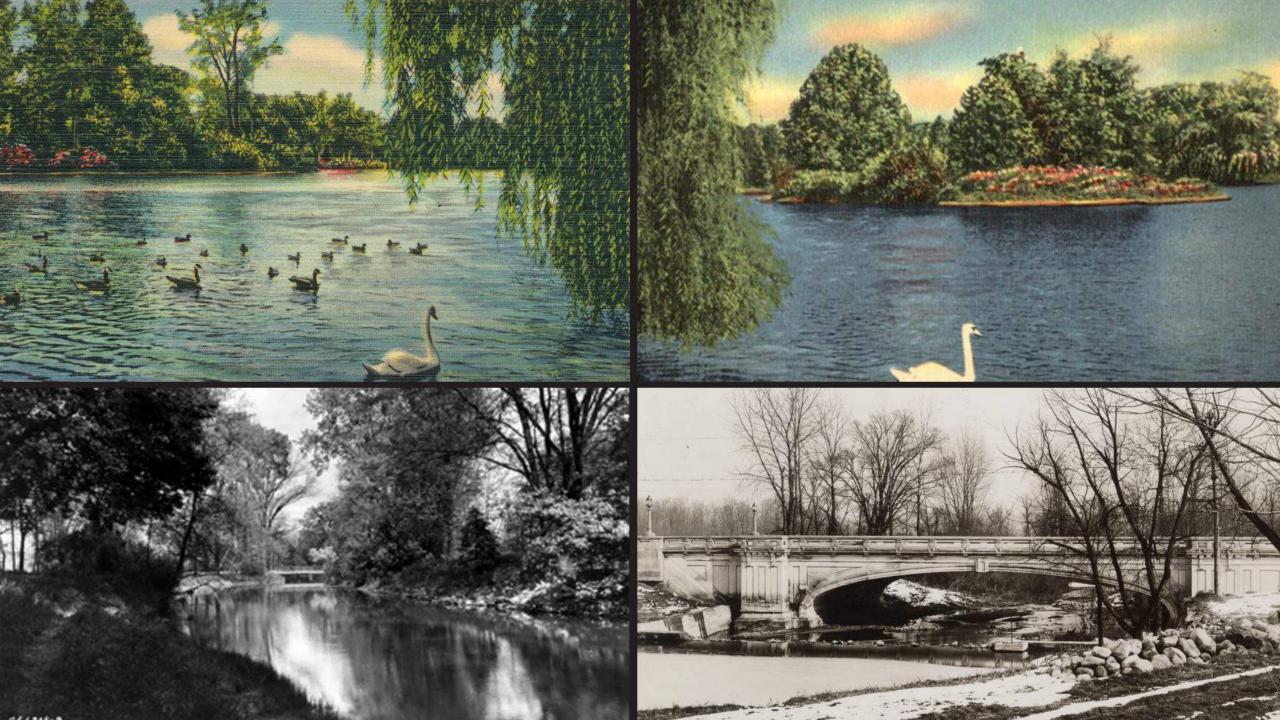
Canoe Club, Indianapolis, Ind.

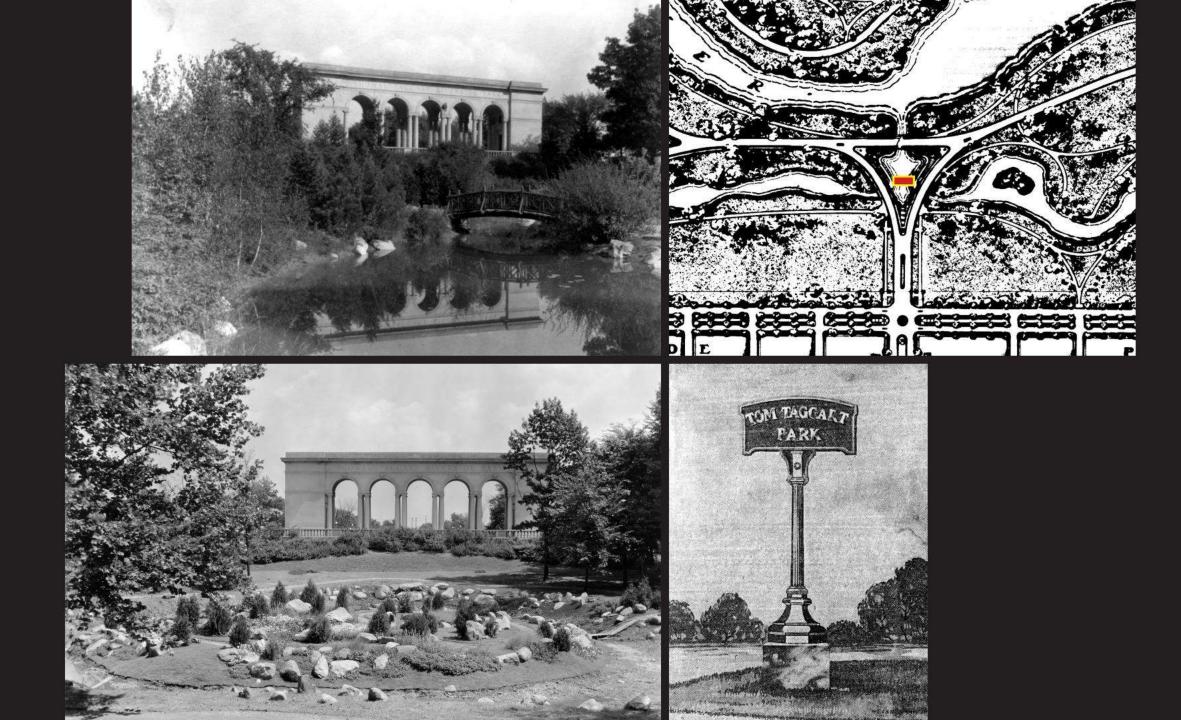


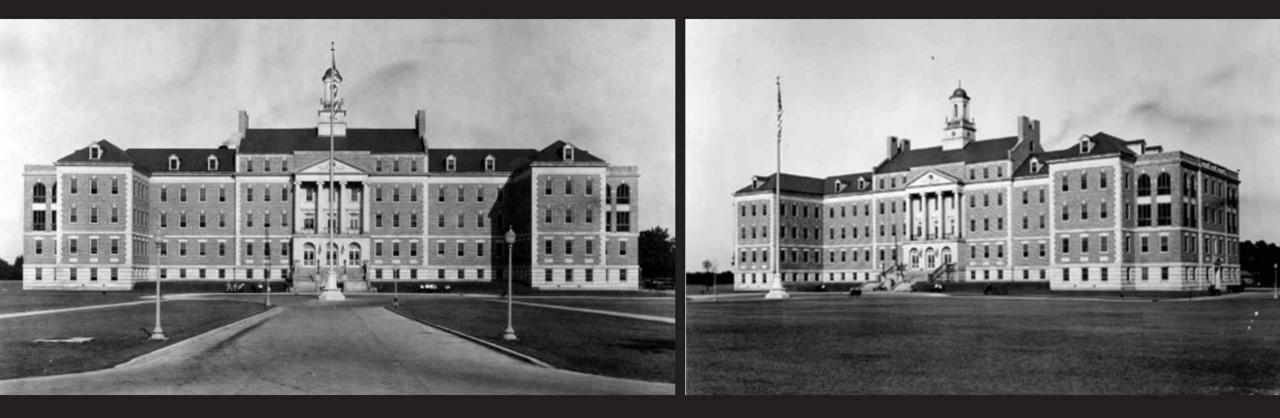








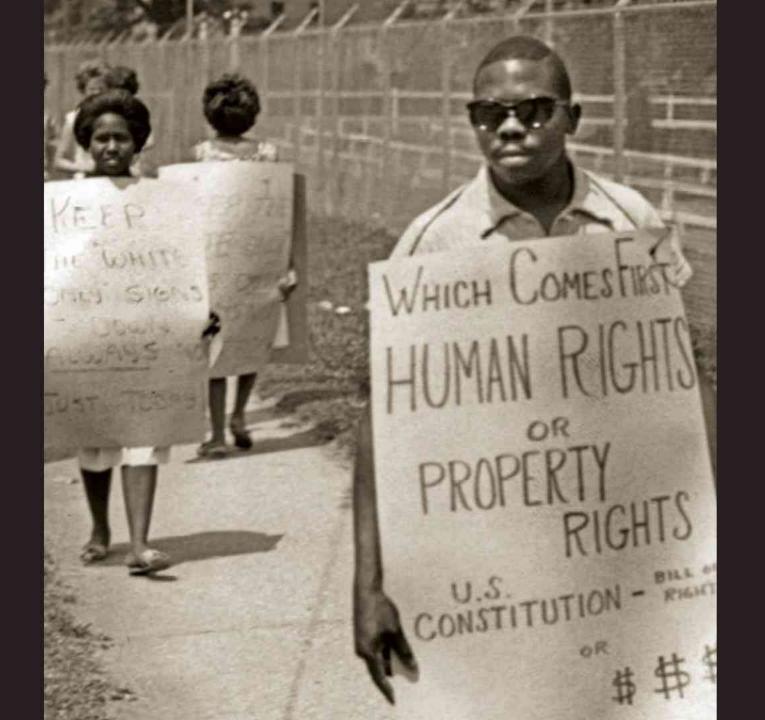


















L. No. XXIX-NO. 42

FEARLESS-INDEPENDENT --- CONSTRUCTIVE !!!!

THE INDIANAPOLIS RECORDER.

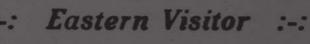
ENY USE OF CITY PARKS

SAT., JULY 24th 1926

\$2.00 Per Year-5 Cents the Copy

Negroes Are Told To Go To Douglas Park **By Park Head, Policy**

On Tuesday morning, representatives of The Recorder, visited the office of the Board of Park Commissioners. They sought of the clerk, who waited on them, a permit to hold a picnic in a public park. The clerk proceeded to issue the permit, but when told the permit was wanted for Brookside Park, he balked. He told the Recorder representative that on account of the crowds, the park was not available for this particular date. He was then asked if the park was available for the previous day. He then informed the Recorder representative it was not available. The clerk was asked if it was available at any time and, when he could not answer the question, he ushered the Recorder representatives into the office of the Superintendent of Parks



Fanatic Demagogue Runs Wild In Prej. Ecstasy

Indianapolis, Ind 248 W. Maple Road Clarence Darrow, Atty. Chicago, III.

DEAR SIR

Scanning the INDIANAPOLIS STAR of date, June 28th, I was very glad indeed to note in your publicity article that you could say no more than you did, before that Negro Conven tion held in Chicago, against the mighty, decent-thinking folks of your race for their logical decision to end this repugnant wave of Negro invasion into White society and White residential communities. As it was, what you did say, was mere "Nigger talk."

If you admire and would so gallant-



PUBLICLAW 88-352

Zighty-eighth Congress of the United States of America

AT THE SECOND SESSION

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Tuesday, the seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred and sixty-four

An Act

To enforce the constitutional right to vote, to confer jurisdiction upon the district courts of the United States to provide injunctive relief against discrimination in public accommodations, to authorize the Attorney General to institute suits to protect constitutional rights in public facilities and public education, to extend the Commission on Civil Rights, to prevent discrimination in federally assisted programs, to establish a Commission on Equal Employment Opportunity, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Civil Rights Act of 1964".

